



Relations of Parents to Public Schools.

It should be borne in mind by parents and guardians that the school committee, when they visit and examine a school, do really visit and examine the families represented there. They become acquainted, to a very great extent, with the habits, sentiments, system of instruction, government, and domestic life of those families. Fidelity to the interests of the schools may compel us to report this information—to publish the errors and delinquencies of parents and guardians. If we should do so, some might say, "Not you, at the school!" Very true. As individuals, we are silent. Our position speaks. And you placed us.

The troubles that constantly bubble up in some of the schools, are traced to the family, as streams to their sources. To cure the evil through remedies applied in the school room, is impossible. A fountain is not purified by cleansing its streams. Children must be accustomed to a rigid discipline at home.

The parent's authority, by the law of nature, is absolute. Implicit submission to it should be demanded. If once you allow that authority to be successfully resisted, the consequences will be dark and terrible. "Gentleness and severity" are the grand principles of God's government, and they must be adopted by parents, to secure the welfare of their offspring, and domestic peace. Very few children, if any, can be fully trusted. Which the Germans call *unvertraut*—a word of two-fold element, manifesting itself in *hated*, when the selfish desires of children are hindered; and in *loving*, especially in their self-justification before parents and teachers. "Evil ventures not to be." Hence duplicity in speech and action.

Too much confidence is reposed in children. Bribes must be put into their mouths. Even then, they will drive, if they are not driven. The blindness of parents to the faults of their own children is proverbial. Impatience with those of others is equally proverbial. Lenity of supposition is the sin of parents, and the ruin of the young.

Let parents accustom their children to obedience; to stern accountability; to the idea of certain and just retribution at home, and the teacher will have no trouble. Instruments of punishment will then be as seldom used in the schoolroom, as they are now in the family. Let the thing be reversed. Let parents undertake the discipline of children. Teachers do not covet the privilege.

The frequent forfeiture of his word by a parent, and his readiness to forgive without a good reason, as the child well knows, weaken in that child's mind all sense of responsibility, and all reverence for justice.

It grows up under a fatal imposture as to the meaning of such words as law, subordination, penalty, etc. It comes to believe that teacher, rulers, and all in authority over them, and even the Deity, will be as weak, and partial, and lenient, and as easily duped or evaded as parents.

In almost every example of juvenile delinquency, the parents have been recreant to their trust. Said a woman to Philip: "If you have no time to be a king, you have no time to be a father." If parents have no time to be faithful to their children, they have no right to be parents. And when they send their offspring to school, with out-breaking habits of idleness, insolence, and insubordination. Remember, as looks and features indicate family origin, so speech and deportment betray parental habits, opinions, and example. On the playground, and in the school-room, children reproduce (perhaps re-duplicate) the ways of thinking, and of acting, common at home.

It is by no means the object of public school instruction to form character, or to furnish principles of action and motives. The parent—not the teacher—the parent is the power, having power over the lump. And the sound of his wheels must be heard within the house, or the city will be marred. Yet still, a teacher of refined manners and good culture, can finish and color what has been moulded, when the home influence is congenial, true and good. Otherwise his task, like that of the daughters of Danah, will be to fill everlasting selves.

To sum up all. If you want to curb the authority of a teacher, and render the most earnest and judicious efforts fruitless; if you want to break up all habits of order, punctuality, studiousness, energy, obedience and reverence in your children, foreclose all prospect of their future honor and usefulness, you can easily do so by sustaining their *ex parte* complaints; by condemning the rule, and discipline of the teacher, and by neglecting home education and control.

—Report of the Committee of the Winchester Schools.

A LESSON ON RICHES.—A little boy sat by his mother. He looked long in the fire and was silent. Then, as the deep thought passed away, his eyes brightened, and he spoke: "Mother, I want to be rich."

"Why do you want to be rich, my son?" And the child said, "Every one praises the rich; every one asks after the rich. The stranger at our table yesterday asked who was the richest man in our village."

"At school, there is a boy who does not like to learn. He can sit in his lessons well. Sometimes he speaks bad words. But the other children do not blame him, for they say he is a wealthy boy."

Then the mother said that the child was in danger of thinking that wealth might take the place of goodness, and be an excuse for idleness, or cause them to be held in honor who led unworthy lives. So she asked him—

"What is to be rich?"

He answered, "I do not know. Tell me how to become rich, that all may ask after me and praise me."

"To become rich is to get money. For this you must wait till you become a man."

"The boy in the school said, 'I have not some other way of becoming rich, that I may begin now?'"

She answered, "The gain of money is not the true wealth. Wealth may burn in the hands sweep it away, the moth may eat it, the rust waste it, or the robber may make it his prey. Men are worried with the toil of getting it, but they leave it behind them at last. They die and carry nothing away. The soul of the richest prince of the earth goeth forth like that of the wayside beggar, without a garment. Those who possess it are always praised by men, but they do not receive the praise of God."

"Then," said the boy, "may I begin to gather this kind of riches? or must I wait until I am a man?"

The mother laid her hand upon his little head, and said, "To-day if you will hear His voice, for He hath promised that those who seek early shall find." And the child said, "Teach me how I may become rich before God."

Then she looked tenderly on him and said, "Kneel down every night and morning, and ask that you may love the dear Saviour, and trust in him. Obey His words, and strive all the days of your life to do good to all. So, though you may be poor in the world, you shall be rich in faith, and an heir of the kingdom of heaven."

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS

Published every Morning—Sundays excepted, by

GEORGE T. HAMMOND,  
At 123 Thames Street.

SATURDAY, JAN. 15, 1859.

Criminal Justice.

There is, according to the Police returns, a strange disparity between crime—or, at least higher crime—and punishment, in New York city. The number of murders, during the year 1858, is stated at 49; during the previous year, it was 62;—making a total of 111 murders in two years. Nor is there any reasonable doubt that a considerable number of the persons found drowned, at and near the docks of the city, were also cases of murder,—though not included as such in the police returns, from the impossibility of getting at the facts, where the bodies have been for a long time lying in the water.

But, taking only the police statement of the number of murders in the commercial metropolis, which is an average of 55 per annum—is not that a shocking and appalling number? It seems so to us. It is more than one murder per week, the year round. Is there any such proportion of yearly murder in the cities of Europe, comparing their population with that of New York? We hope not. But if there be, surely that can be no excuse for such a large measure of high crime on this side of the Atlantic.

Of the perpetrators of these New York murders, how many are hanged? The whole number of hangings last year, it is said, was one—that of young Rogers, for the murder of Swanton—and precisely a similar number for the year previous. In two years, one hundred and eleven murders, and two executions thereof!—What sort of "justice" is that? Where are the police, the district attorney, courts, judges and jurors? Is it a supposable case that their powers are on the wane, and that they are best to bring the criminals to justice—and with such a "lame and impotent conclusion?"

In the case of one culprit, charged with the crime of murder—the Italian Canemmi—there have been no less than four trials, and on the last conviction he has been sent to State Prison. These trials, at least all but the first one, grew clearly out of the laxity of the courts, which constantly yielded to the chicanery and pettiness of the prisoner's counsel, and suffered the case to go to the Court of Appeals, often on the most frivolous and absurd pretences, and once, if we mistake not, actually after sentence of death had been pronounced. And, finally, Canemmi's lawyers succeeded in saving his neck from the halter, though it is manifest to the public that few assassins ever more richly deserved it.

This Canemmi case will, it is said, cost the tax-payers of the city not less than Forty Thousand Dollars. And how much money they have had to pay for the proceedings against Madam Cunningham and others, in the Burdell murder case,—the most miserably abortive proceedings too, so far as any result was concerned—is more than we can tell. But, one thing is sufficiently clear—and that is, that New York sadly needs a reform in her Judiciary, if not in her police and other municipal agencies.

FROM MEXICO.—The steamship Tennessee arrived at New Orleans 12th, with dates from the city of Mexico to the 7th inst. Gen. Leveque, on Dec. 20th, at Aguila, declared himself President, but the movement was not sanctioned at the capital. The troops pronounced in favor of Gen. Rios on the 23d, and he issued a call for three delegates from each State, to form a Junta. The populace and troops had abandoned Gen. Zuloaga, and he had retired to the house of the English Minister. The Junta arrived, organized, and on the second day elected Gen. Miramon, President, by a vote of 50 to 44 for Gen. Rios. The latter will remain in power until the arrival of Gen. Miramon, who is soon expected from Queretaro with 1000 cavalry. The dates from Vera Cruz are to the 9th inst. The Juarez government was firm and the Liberals had taken Jalapa and Cordova, and were about to attack Orizaba.

Postmaster James, of the Washington City Post Office, renders his accounts to the department for the quarter ending 31st December.—Stamps sold amount to \$9,137 1/2 money collected, \$1,236. Free letters amounted to six hundred and ninety-two thousand one hundred and thirty-seven—all in a single quarter.

LOCAL.  
EIGHT DAYS LATER  
FROM  
BLOCK ISLAND.  
ARRIVAL OF THE CONNECTICUT.

\$75,000 in specie.

The Block Island Mail Boat Connecticut, (not Solomon Dodge as before,) arrived at this port at 4 p.m. yesterday, having been detained one day in consequence of calms and head winds. She brings dates to the 14th, the mail, five passengers, a full cargo of merchandise, and \$75,000 in specie.

The news is not important. Political affairs remain unchanged.

A scarcity of tobacco is reported. Whiskey plenty, and a drug in the market. The Islanders are talking of a submarine telegraph to Newport and a railroad across the island. There is also some excitement in relation to the site for a new Court House which is being talked of.

The following is from our correspondents:

"The couple you spoke of as having been prevented from consummating an elopement by a leaky boat, afterwards repaired and proceeded, their anxious parents arriving at the landing just in time to see the lovers beyond their reach. They returned yesterday, all right, with the exception of slight damage to spars and rigging. The affair has been amicably adjusted, and the parties have started on a wedding tour over the island, to be absent a week, during which they will visit the principal towns and cities on the island."

The excitement in relation to the gold mines discovered in the interior has pretty much subsided. They are likely to prove a failure; not but what the quality of the specimens found is pure, but the quantity obtained per day is so small, that the miners are leaving daily and prospecting further up the river Yocknow. The last overland mail from that region describes the prospect as good, though the weather was cold and provisions scarce and dear.

Marine Items.

The heavy westerly winds of last week were fatal to the Vanderbilt. It was found too rough to get alongside other, and she was said to be fast breaking up. The furniture has all been put ashore, a portion of the machinery also landed, and the state-room doors and other movable work which was worth the saving have been landed. The steam pumps which were sent down have been ordered back, and the owners will continue to save what they can. The engine cold weather has greatly retarded operations.

THE SANGEL CASTER.—We have intelligence from this schooner, ashore on Narragansett, up to yesterday morning, 14th. She lies north of Narragansett, a little three-fourths of a mile from Narragansett Pier. The vessel lies on soft, sandy bottom, about 150 feet from the shore. There is about 3-1/2 feet of water around her at low water. There is a hole through her bottom, beyond which she does not appear to be much damaged; and all together, her condition is much better than it was at first feared. Capt. Shepperd remains by the vessel. He has contacted with parties to discharge the cargo, (coal,) and land it on Narragansett Pier. \$1,000 per ton. Unless a heavy southerly should set in, she will probably be got off.

DETENTION.—There was no mail nor boat from New York yesterday. The Empire State left New York Thursday night, at her usual hour, but encountering a dense fog proceeded only 8 miles, when she came to and yesterday morning returned to New York.

Firemen's Matters.

At the Yearly meeting of Hope Engine Company No. 2, held at their engine house Jan. 9th, the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year:

Foreman, GEO. S. WARD.  
1st Assistant, SMITH B. WORTH.  
2d " WM. B. BATES.  
Clerk, WM. ALLAN.

Engineer, JAMES C. POWELL.  
RUGG AND READY No. 2.—We understand this engine has been shipped in New York on board the Empire State, and will arrive here Sunday morning.

MUSICAL INSTITUTE.—The lecture of Rev. Mr. Adams before the Musical Institute, which was postponed last Monday evening on account of the inclemency of the weather, will take place next Monday evening, 14th inst. See advertisement in another column.

COLORADO SCHOOLS.—Our fellow citizen Geo. T. Downing, who lectures this evening at Music Hall, on the subject of separate schools for colored children. The lecture will commence at 7-1/2 o'clock. Admission free, and the public invited to attend.

WELL DONE!—Workmen were employed yesterday in removing the ice from the street and crossing at the head of Swinburn's Wharf. So far, so good.

THROUGH TO PROVIDENCE.—The Perry made the passage through to Providence yesterday, reaching her wharf in this city about half past 4, P. M.

FRONT-BREAST.—Captain Barter of pilot boat Dragonet, had one side of his face and one ear badly frozen, while on a cruise during the severe weather of last Monday. He was not aware of it until a day or two afterwards, when he began to feel the effects of it.

DRENCHING.—The skies were in a drenching mood yesterday, and the snow had notice to quit, and the ice, probably, will follow suit.

No Boat.—In consequence of the non-arrival of the Empire State from New York yesterday morning, there was no boat from here last night.

Musical.

Oliver Dixon & Co. have published the following music:

The Beating of my Heart—a song by Macfarren, in G major, G minor, and E flat. The poetry is of the sentiments. The music is well adapted to the poetry, is somewhat difficult, but far superior to the most of the publications of the day, and is worthy of what effort it may require for a proper performance.

The Spell that Bound me—a ballad by Massett,—which he has sung in his "chit chat" entertainments, with applause.

Maggie of Nantucket—by J. B. Packard. This is a wild, plaintive song, full of sad, wailing melody, something after the Scotch style. Written in F, it is easy, simple, and beautiful, touching the tenderest feelings.

Harp of the Wild Wind—a descriptive song, by O. Whittlesey, with a fine lithograph title page. Like descriptive compositions generally, requiring talent and practice to be a work of merit, upon trial. It is in D minor, broken melody, sad in the extreme, but without quite fascinating.

No, I Cannot Forget Thee.—In this song, Jas. R. Phelps gives us an easy, smooth composition. Written in good design—artistically speaking—it will satisfy a cultivated taste, but not be widely popular.

O, lovely Land of Touraine—by Meyerbeer. A really "lovely" air, from the Huguenots. Written mostly in G—abounding in modulation—in unusual time—very broken, difficult in runs, requiring a high soprano voice; when well sung, undoubtedly one of the sweetest melodies, and as a whole affording much refined pleasure.

The above are for sale at the City Music Store, by T. W. Wood.

It is said that Jenny Lind, Cruvelli, Artot and Frezzolini are all to sing together at a charitable concert at the Crystal Palace in Paris. Several musical performances will take part in the monster concert.

Crimes and Casualties.

It now appears that Judson J. Hutchinson, whose death we chronicled yesterday, was not a case of suicide. He hung himself in an unfinished house belonging to his brother John, in Lynn, Mass. on Tuesday evening. No cause for the deed has yet been assigned. It is known that Judson has been partially insane, and a Spiritualist for several years, and that, though a married man, he has not, for a long time, lived with his wife.

The Memphis Appeal says that a Mr. Moore and his wife and mother were brutally murdered on Saturday (Christmas) night, in McNairy County, about ten miles from Chewalla depot. The old lady was not quite dead when the deed was discovered, but was unable to give any clue to the murder, only that it was not done by negroes.

A man named Maloney fell dead in Norwich, Ct., on Tuesday, while attempting to catch his horse which had started to run. His death was caused by congestion of the lungs, brought on by inhaling the cold air while running.

Fires.

A large granite warehouse on Federal street, Boston, took fire Thursday morning, and the whole interior of the edifice, together with the stocks of some half dozen stores, was destroyed. Loss \$30,000. Mostly covered by insurance.

Greenman & Co.'s pill factory, in Cleveland, Ohio, was destroyed by fire Wednesday. Loss \$30,000. Insured for \$20,000 in New York companies.

A MISSING STEAMSHIP.—There is a good deal of anxiety for the safety of the new steamship Weser, of the North German Lloyd's, Bremen and New York line. She left Bremerhaven on the 4th of December for New York, and her arrival at any port has not been announced. She sailed with sixty-three passengers, and a crew of one hundred and thirty men, making in all one hundred and ninety-three souls. Besides these she had the usual cargo in freight and mails.

Seiserstein's vineyard, in California, covers forty acres of ground, and has 40,000 vines. The product of this vineyard has been, this season, 27,000 gallons of white wine, 2,000 gallons of red wine, 1,000 gallons of brandy, and 3,000 gallons of brandy—in all, 48,000 gallons. To make one gallon of brandy requires five gallons of wine; and for each gallon of brandy, about fifteen pints of wine. It will make the product of the vineyard equal to about 68,000 gallons of wine, and more than six quarts of wine to the vine.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEWPORT.

FRIDAY, JAN. 14th.

ARRIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

O. O. Clary, of Camden, Westbrook, Gaiverton for Boston.

Lucy A. Arcutt, of Camden, Amesbury, Jacksonville, for Boston.

Gaskell, Remington, New York, via Dutch Island Harbor, and sailed for Providence.

E. W. Benton, Taylor, Boston, of and for New York.

Taylor Small, of Provincetown, Willey, Portland for Tangleport.

Treasure, of Bridgeport, Liston, Philadelphia for Boston.

Eliza J. Raynor, Cold Spring, Raynor, Boston for New York.

SAILED

Pilot boat Edwin Forest, on a cruise.

IN PORT.

BARQUE Henry Warren, of Chase, Apalachicola for Providence.

BRIG'S Morning Light, of Bath, on Marin railway, Beroda, Howard, for Havana.

SOONERS Haze, Gibraltar, for New York.

Ellen Perkins, Norfolk, for New Haven.

Bryant Stone, Providence, for New York.

Olivia Ruxton, Boston for New York.

Seven sisters, of Addison, Crowley, Florida for New Bedford.

Justice, Elizabethport for Narragansett Pier, Tremont, Providence, for Baltimore.

John Wesley, Providence for New York.

Edward Everett, Providence for Brookhaven.

Eleanor, Demarais for New York.

Grace, of Boston for Tangleport.

Citizen, Providence for Riverhead.

Gladys, New York for Boston.

Eva Belle, Bucksville for New York.

Para, discharging.

T. O. Thompson, of Bath, Pennington, Virginia for Mystic.

Almeda, of Greenport, Cartwright, Philadelphia for Boston.

Golden Eagle, Kelsey, Alexandria for Somerset.

Daniel Brown, Hald, of and from Fall River for Apalachicola.

Argus, Norris, Elizabethport, of and for Somerset.

SLOOPS Harvest, Providence for New York.

Neptune, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

MEMORANDA.

Bark William Lee (of this port), Steam, was at Thomas, Dec. 15, with 400 bbls sperm, 250 whale; ready to sail.

Airived at Savannah, 10th, brig Ellen Hayden, King, Havana.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

We learn from Capt Dodge, of the Block Island Mail boat, that the "can buoy" has shifted from its position on Beaver Tail, to about 2 miles off League Rock—very loose.

DISASTERS, &c.

Ship Favorite, at Savannah from Liverpool, has brought six of the crew of ship Child of the Regiment, (before reported abandoned) which were transferred from the Br vessel, which rescued them.

Big blow, at Philadelphia from Calais, had deck blown off and lost part overhead. Was driven off coast several times.

St Woodbridge, of Baltimore, condemned at St Thomas, was sold on 20th inst. The hull brought \$200, and will be refitted.

Barque Leon, (of Eastport) Pacific, at New York from Marcellus, experienced strong S and W gales the entire passage; was within 40 miles of Sandy Hook for 4 days; night of 9th inst, took a gale from NNW, and being very cold, the vessel laid up so as to be almost unmanageable; crew nearly exhausted, and some of them frost bitten.

Barque D. L. Lawrence, at San Francisco from Havana, had pleasant light weather until 17, when in lat 22 30, lon 15 6 E, experienced a violent circular gale, shipped heavy seas, stove the forward house, washing overboard all the water, except 40 gallons, provisions and livestock, blowing away sails, and doing other damage; had continual gales until Dec 14; after which had strong NW winds up to within 40 miles of port.

Brig Thomas & Edward, of Thomaston, ashore at Cuttyhunk, will be a total loss. She lies stern on the ledge. Her cargo of lumber will be saved if the weather continues moderate.

Sch David Lombard, Holbrook, from Tocon River, Va, with oysters, for Boston, went ashore on Narragansett Shoals on Sunday morning, at 1 o'clock. Crew all saved. Vessel a total loss.

Sch Helene, Derriekson, which arrived at Tarponville Cove 8th inst, from Savannah for Boston, was run into on the 8th, at P. M., by an unknown brig of Montank, and had bottom, masts and house stove, and carried away main rigging.

Special Notices.

HAZARD & CASWELL'S  
PURE & GENUINE LIGHT STRAW-  
COLORED MEDICINAL  
COD LIVER OIL,  
PREPARED FROM SELECTED LIVERS ONLY.

The great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Rheumatism, Scrophulous Inflammation, General Debility, and all diseases arising from deficient nutrition.

Prof. Wm. Parker, in the "American Medical Monthly," says:

"We have had patients use it, who had tried almost every manufactured oil, and give this the decided preference. It is easily digested, and does not have the expected oil. It is a light straw-colored, has none of the rancid fishy odor, but is sweet and pleasant."

Professors Palmer and Gann, in the "Pennsylvania Medical Monthly," say:

"We pronounce it to be free from adulteration, and as Cod Liver Oil seemingly can be."

Prof. Parker, A. A. Hayes, State Assayer, Massachusetts, says:

"I have subjected to chemical analysis the oil of Liver Oil prepared and put up for sale by Messrs Hazard & Caswell, of Newport, R. I. It proves to contain, unadulterated, the purest and most essential of fish oils, and in comparison with the adulterated oils, it takes the highest place."

The importance of having a reliable source from which to obtain this remedy, in a state of purity, can be obtained, leads me to recommend, with confidence, this excellent article.

Respectfully,  
A. A. HAYES, M. D., Assayer to State of Massachusetts.

The undersigned, being Resident Physician, cordially endorses the opinion of Professor Hayes, viz:

James V. Warner, M. D., Thos. C. Dunn, M. D., David King, M. D., H. W. Turner, M. D., Daniel Watson, M. D., W. Argyll Watson, M. D., Samuel W. Butler, M. D., H. C. BELL, Chemist, of Philadelphia, says:

"It is unquestionable that of any other manufacturer for fresh cod, freedom from taste and odor, it is more efficient than any similar article ever offered."

Signature of Hazard & Caswell, and also the metallic capsule covering the cork, and the address, HAZARD & CASWELL, Chemists and Druggists, Newport, R. I. For sale everywhere.

LATEST NEWS.

TELEGRAMS

TO THE

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 13.—Messrs. McEhin and Adrian, the friends of Mr. Montgomery, and Messrs. Lane and Niblack, the friends of Mr. English, having by consent of the parties examined fully into the circumstances attending the late difficulties between them, have come to the conclusion that while Mr. English, who was acted under the impression that an insult had been offered him, calling for a sentiment, yet the evidence does not show that any insult had been offered which authorized the violence he used, and he is accordingly expressed to Mr. Montgomery his regret for what he had done, the friends of these parties think this apology sufficient, and have voluntarily accepted the same as a final adjustment of the difficulty.

A private dispatch from a reliable source in New Orleans, states on authority of information from Mexico, that Gen. Miramon was elected President by only four million over Robles, and adds that it is uncertain whether Miramon will accept the office while Juarez is represented as firm at Vera Cruz. Nothing is said about the Miramon having taken Jalapa and Cordova.

The result of the contest between Gen. Norris, and Reany, Neslie & Co., for the machinery of the slop-of-war at Philadelphia, is that the latter is to retain the contract heretofore awarded.

Miscellaneous Items.

A Philadelphia, who is enthusiastic weather matters, on Monday night, preparations to note the state of the atmosphere by putting the thermometer under his pillow and hanging his watch on a hook outside his bedroom window, where it was discovered at an early hour in the morning by a watchman who rang the bell and advised the alarm. Meriamite to take his watch in it would be stolen.

RAILWAY AND STEAMBOAT ACCIDENTS.—During the past year there were 82 railway accidents in this country, excluding those caused by travellers themselves, resulting in 119 persons being killed and 417 being injured. This is a less number than in 1857. In 1857 there were 104 accidents, 234 killed and 496 injured. In 1856, accidents 193, killed 186, injured 589; in 1855, accidents 142, killed 159, injured 629; in 1857, accidents 130, injured 550.

As regards steamboats the improvement is not so marked a character. In 1857 there were accidents 31, killed 319, injured 417; in 1854 accidents 48; 507 injured; in 1855 accidents 27, killed 19, injured 107; in 1856 accidents 27, killed 358, injured 127; in 1857 accidents 30, killed 322, injured 56; in 1858, accidents 30, killed 300, injured 127. The total number killed in the last six years by railway accidents (exclusive of those resulting from carelessness on the part of travellers) 938; of injured 3,199; killed by steam accidents in the same period 2,062; injured 810.

DIED. In this city, 13th inst., Martha F. aged 85 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to the funeral Monday next, at 2-1/2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 19 Division without further notice.

H. B. RIDER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

AND SHIP CHANDLER.

GROCERY & PROVISION STORE.

No. 5, Ferry Mill Wharf,

NEWPORT, R. I.

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**BUY IT! TRY IT!! USE IT!!!**  
**PROF. J.N. MONROE** would respectfully announce to the ladies and gentlemen of Newbury and vicinity, that they can find **MRS. A. E. HASON & SISTER'S MONROE PRESERVATIVE**, one of the most useful articles ever used in this city, for removing all kinds of **PAINT, GREASE, and OIL**, from silks, and other kinds of dress goods. We would not ask the ladies to try it, and avenge themselves. Warranted to give satisfaction as advertised. **Prof. J. N. MONROE**  
 Sole Proprietor.  
 No. 34 Thames Street, unless my written signature is on each bottle.  
**AGENTS**—**Mrs. A. E. HASON & SISTER**  
 Corner of Thames and Denison Streets.  
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**MUST BE RECEIVED PER SLOOP WILLIAM AND OTHER WINE.**  
**EBELS Mannaftan Flour.**

**50**  
 25 half bbl do. do.  
 25 do. do. in bags.  
 5000 lbs choice old New York Dairy Cheese  
 50 chests of green and black Teas.  
 50 bush. marrowfat Beans.  
 10 casks of covered and uncovered Hams  
 30 casks of covered choice smoked beef.  
 20 bbls Star Brand Sugar.  
 20 boxes Mason's superfine extra soap  
 10 do. do. excelsior soap.  
 10 do. Hull's extra No. 1 soap.  
 10 boxes tallow candles.  
 10 boxes Pyle & Babbitt's saleratus.  
 5,000 imported and seed sugars.  
 4 bbls Lorillard smoking tobacco.

5 gross Anderson's solace tobacco,  
100 lbs Lorillard Scotch and Macaboy snuff  
150 reams straw paper.  
\$200 worth of Perry Davis & Son's pain killer.  
A good assortment of crockery, Boots, war  
F.C., &c.

WM. P. BRYER.

### UNDERTAKERS.

**C**OFFINS and other funeral appurte  
nances.—The subscribers have on hand  
and will make at short notice coffins of every  
description of wood and finish; also robes  
trimmings, &c., and if desired they will su  
pervise and execute funeral arrangements and furnis  
h all articles connected with and used on these  
sorrowful occasions.

They have also a method of preserving a  
corpse for any desirable length of time, until  
friends and relatives can arrive from Europe  
or distant parts of our own country.

If required they can give the best of refer  
ences as to their mode of attending to matters  
of this kind.

Orders for the whole or part of these ar  
rangements are solicited, and will be promptly  
executed, with the utmost regard for the  
feelings of those concerned.

J. L. & G. A. HAZZ. RD.

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### PICTURE FRAMES.

**W**E are now prepared to furnish Rose  
Wood, Gilt Oak, Walnut, or any other  
style of Frames, on better terms than ever  
before. We are importing our moulding di  
rect from the manufacturers, and are enabled  
to sell at a discount equal to the profit of the

These in want of any kind of Frames, should  
be at examining our styles, and after  
ascertaining our prices, we are assured they will  
purchase. COTTRELL & BRYER,  
a25 So. Thames st.

COAL!—The subscriber has on hand and  
is receiving a very extensive assortment of  
Coals. The attention of those about laying  
in their supplies is solicited to the following  
retails:—

Red Ash,	White Ash
Diamond Vein,	Tamagua,
Original Lyons Valley,	Pittsburg,
Jackson Vein,	Scranton,

I am selling at reduced prices and as low  
as any yard in the city, whether from the yard  
or vessel. Parties preferring to purchase  
from the vessel would do well to let in their  
orders at once. Two cargoes of prime Red and  
White Ash expected shortly.

a28 CHAS. S. WILLIAMS

clainotype, Ambrotype and Photo-  
graphic Gallery,  
situated Foot of Parade, near the Fountain  
in this city, where there is a Photographic be-  
laid in Newport. Having all the new im-  
provements in the Art, also having had an  
experience than any one else in the  
city in the various branches of the Art of Des-  
terotype, Melinotype and Photograph in  
which the pictures taken by myself will show  
giving the best and quickest Instrument with  
the improvements in chemicals that is in  
being at the present time. I will give you all  
invitation to call and examine for your-

1000, 500, citizens and visitors, and you will  
 receive a hearty welcome whether in want of  
 a ticket, or not.  
 Perfect satisfaction warranted or no charge.  
 Cases, Lockets, Fancy and Plain Frames and  
 Jewellery.  
 JOSHUA A. WILLIAMS  
 Newport, May 30.  


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 SUPERFINE, extra, and double-ex-  
 tra Genesee Flour, very cheap for cash, at  
 10c. per bushel.  
 SAYER'S, 507 Thames st.  


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 NOTICE.  
 THE Aquatic Club House will be kept open  
 through the Winter, for the accommoda-  
 tion of the travelling public. Also, a few  
 cottages can be comfortably accommodated  
 in good rooms at reasonable rates by apply-  
 ing to  
 PHILIP RIDGEMAN, Proprietor.  


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 NEW BOOKS—The New England Prim-  
 er.  
 Children, like tender osiers, like the Bow,  
 and as they first are fashioned, so they grow,  
 or what we learn in youth, we retain  
 as we are by second nature bound to  
 our home; or the last days and happy death  
 of Annie Kenyon. "Meet me in my new  
 home, which is in Heaven." Page 17. Price  
 cents. APOLLOS; or directions to per-  
 sons just commencing a religious life. Price  
 cents. Earthly ease or heavenly discipline.  
 Price 5 cents. WARD'S, 139 Thames st.  


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 NEW BOOKS and good for the Holidays,  
 at 124 Thames street.—Having returned  
 to my former location, I am now supplied  
 with a good stock of both English and foreign

at low prices.  
My Book Binery has been enlarged and I  
am prepared to do all kinds of Binding, as  
Pictures framed in every style. Fancy  
Albums, consisting of Christens, Gb-  
nerouscopes and Views; Paper Dolls, Fire-  
r, &c., &c.  
Wheeler, Wilson & Co.'s Sewing Machines  
various styles constantly on hand and sold  
at of freight.  
Subscriptions are now being received for  
Reviews and Magazines for 1839.  
J. H. CHAS. E. HAMMETT, JR.  
APPROPRIATE for with Glycine, for chap-  
ped hands, roughness of the skin, soap  
&c., for sale by  
LAZARD & CASWELL.  
AGENTS WANTED!  
THE LITTLE CHAMPION  
A FIREWORK  
The great invention of the age for  
the use of the gas; arrest-  
ing the fire; giving a steady flow through  
the pipe; preventing all waste and blowing,  
producing perfect combustion.  
Responsible Gas Fitters or others, wish-  
ing the agency in any city, will please send  
particulars to  
FREDERICK WRIGHT,  
10 Beaver street, New York.  
NEW Bookbind of extra quality, for sale  
by JOHN D. DENNIS,  
22 Third Street.